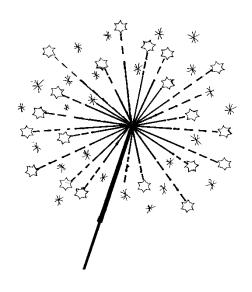
Scigneg Sparklør

SUSTAINABILITY PART A

This resource unit contains:

- Feeding Roles
- The Biosphere
- The Hydrosphere
- Energy Resources
- Acids and Bases



ACTIVITY: FEEDING ROLES

NEW WORDS

Producer: An organism that makes its own food like a plant.
Herbivore: An organism that eats only plants like a sheep.
Consumer: An animal that eats other organisms for food.
Carnivore: An organism that eats only animals like a cat.
Omnivore: An animal that eats both plants and animals



like a human.

Micro-organisms: Microscopic organisms like fungi and bacteria. They can also be called microbes.

1. Complete the following table using the clues to help you.

No.	Clue	Word
1	An animal that eats other organisms.	n s m r
2	Animals that eat both plants and animals.	mi o r
3	An animal that eats only animals.	arior
4	Organisms that make their own food.	rdcr
5	An animal that eats plants only.	e b i o e

2. Put the vowels back in to work out the word. All words can be found on this page. The first one has been done for you.

Word without vowels	Word
rgnsm	organism
hrbvr	
bctr	
m c r b	
cnsmr	
mnvr	



3. Complete the following acrostic puzzle.

1. A microscopic organism. 2. 0 Organism that eats only plants. Ν 3. Group of micro-organisms. S 4. Name for a living thing. 5. Makes its own food. U 6. Eats both plants and animals. M 7. Must eat other organisms. E

Eats other animals.

8.

MORE WORDS

Decomposers: Organisms like fungi and bacteria that break down dead material.

Predator: An animal that eats another animal species.

Parasite: An organism that feeds off living things like a flea.

Scavenger: An organism that eats dead

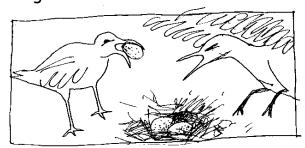
animals, for example, a seagull.

Saprophyte: A micro-organism that gets its

nutrients from dead material.

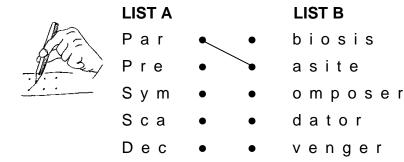
Symbiosis: Two different organisms living

happily off each other.



Biological control: Using an organism to reduce the numbers of a pest.

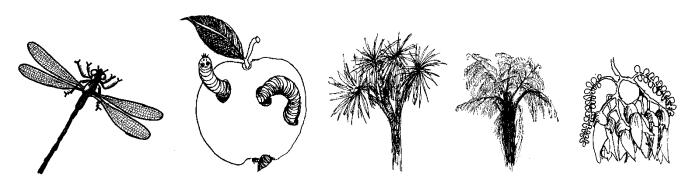
4. Match up the dots in list A with those in list B, with a line, to complete a word. Write the word in the box on the right. The first one is done for you



WORD	
Parasite	

5. Complete the following table using the clues to help you.

No.	Clue	Word
1	An animal that eats another animal species.	e d t r
2	An animal that eats dead animals.	cae_g
3	An organism that feeds off living things.	ari
4	Breaks down dead material.	e m o e
5	A microbe that gets its nutrients from dead material.	arpye
6	Another name for a micro-organism	icb



Gets its nutrients from dead material. Organisms happily living off each other. This organism will always be a producer. Biological is used to get rid of pests. Feeds off living things. Eats dead animals. Another term for a microorganism. Chere are 12 words, from this activity, to find in the word find. Tolurals or words within words. You are given the first letter of eachem off in the word find then list them below.
Decomposers. Gets its nutrients from dead material. Organisms happily living off each other. This organism will always be a producer. Biological is used to get rid of pests. Feeds off living things. Eats dead animals. Another term for a microorganism. There are 12 words, from this activity, to find in the word find. Tolurals or words within words. You are given the first letter of each off in the word find them list them below.
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Organisms happily living off each other. This organism will always be a producer. Biological is used to get rid of pests. Feeds off living things. Eats dead animals. Another term for a microorganism. There are 12 words, from this activity, to find in the word find. To plurals or words within words. You are given the first letter of each them off in the word find then list them below.
This organism will always be a producer. Biological is used to get rid of pests. Feeds off living things. Eats dead animals. Another term for a microorganism. There are 12 words, from this activity, to find in the word find. To plurals or words within words. You are given the first letter of eact them off in the word find then list them below.
Biological is used to get rid of pests. Feeds off living things. Eats dead animals. Another term for a microorganism. There are 12 words, from this activity, to find in the word find. To plurals or words within words. You are given the first letter of eact them off in the word find then list them below.
Feeds off living things. Eats dead animals. Another term for a microorganism. There are 12 words, from this activity, to find in the word find. To plurals or words within words. You are given the first letter of eacthem off in the word find then list them below.
Eats dead animals. Another term for a microorganism. There are 12 words, from this activity, to find in the word find. The plurals or words within words. You are given the first letter of each them off in the word find then list them below.
Another term for a microorganism. There are 12 words, from this activity, to find in the word find. To plurals or words within words. You are given the first letter of each them off in the word find then list them below.
There are 12 words, from this activity, to find in the word find. To plurals or words within words. You are given the first letter of each them off in the word find then list them below.
c e r o v i b r e h a
d e c o m p o s e r p
c e r o v i b r e h a
o a e o y n e c s s r (
n t I a i r e t a m a (
t t b a c t e r i a s
r m h a e l f u n g i
o c o m m u n i t y t
I r e g n e v a c s e

ACTIVITY: LIVING IN THE BIOSPHERE

WORDS

Biosphere: Part of the Earth and atmosphere where

organisms live.

Habitat: Place where a species lives.

Species: A group of organisms that can reproduce

with each other.

Niche: The place where an organism lives and

'makes a living'.

Organism: Something that is alive.

Biotic environment: Living parts of the environment.

Environment: Everything around an organism that affects its survival.

1. Complete the following table using the clues to help you.

No.	Clue	Word					
1	The place where an organism lives.	b ta					
2	The living part of the environment.	oi					
3	A place where an organism makes a living and lives.	i h e					
4	Things around an organism that affect its survival.	n i o m t					
5	Organisms that can reproduce with each other.	se_ie					
6	Anything that is alive.	gis					

MORE WORDS

Population: A group of organisms of the same species. **Community:** Different species living in the same area. **Adaptation:** A features of a species that allows it to

survive in its chosen habitat.

Role: The way an organism gets its food.

Ecology: The study of the interaction between organisms and the environment.

Ecosystem: The interaction of communities and the environment.

Behavioural adaptions: These are the actions that help organisms to survive.

Structural adaptions: These are physical changes to organisms that help them to

survive.

2. Complete the following table using the clues to help you.

No.	Clue	Word
1	A group of organisms of the same species.	p l t i n
2	Study of living things in their environment.	c lg



3	Different species living in the same area.	om n i y
4	Allows a species to survive.	d p t t o
5	Interaction of community and physical environment.	o y s m
6	Adaptation that involving physical changes	trcua

3. Complete the following acrostic puzzle.

The ways organisms feed.

1.	Populations contain the same				S	
2.	Species need to to survive.				P	
3.	The community and the environment.				E	
4.	Living part of the environment.				C	
5.	A living thing.				I	
6.	Part of the Earth where life exists.				Е	

4. There are **13** words, from this activity, to find in the word find. There are no plurals or words within words. You are given the first letter of each word. Mark them off in the word find then list them below.

b	i	0	S	р	h	е	r	е	h
S	u	r	V	i	٧	а	I	а	е
t	е	g	n	а	n	0	b	r	r
u	С	а	r	٧	r	i	0	t	u
d	а	n	i	0	t	е	С	h	t
У	ı	i	r	а	u	n	а	h	а
ω	р	S	t	n	υ	р	m	t	е
C	0	m	m	u	n	i	t	У	f



WORDS

7.

a	h	f
S	n	r
b	g	e
0	s	p
C		

Arrange the 11 letters left over to form a word from this activity.

THE WORD IS	

ACTIVITY: LINKING FEEDING ROLES

WORDS

Food chain: Shows 'who-eats-whom' and begins with a plant. It shows how

nutrients and energy are passed from creature to creature.

Resource: Anything that is needed for

an organism's survival.

Graze: When an animal only eats

parts of a plant.

Food web: All feeding connections in a

community.

Competition: Two different species fighting for the same resources. Trophic level: Feeding levels in a food web. Plants are the first level.

1. Complete the following table using the clues to help you.

No.	Clue	Word
1	Needed for an organism's survival.	s o r e
2	Shows 'who eats whom'.	odhan
3	Shows all feeding connections in a community.	o d e
4	When 2 animals compete for the same food.	opeiio
5	When an animal eats only part of a plant.	a e
6	A feeding level.	r p h c

2. The first column of the table contains a list of jumbled words (anagrams). The words have to do with this activity and you are given the first letter of each word. Unravel them then put them into the crossword grid. The first one has been done for you.

Jumbled word	word
spicees	species
curesore	r
bew	W
defe	f
doof	f
achin	С
urvvials	S
meetcops	С
evells	I
seat	е

Comple	ete the	e follo	wing a	crosti	ic puz	zle.			
Show	s'who	eats w	vhom'.					С	
Something needed for survival.									0
Organ	nism th	nat gra	zes.						M
Feedi	ng leve	el in a f	food w	eb.					P
Eating	g part o	of a pla	ant is to	o					E
Comp	eting 1	for the	same	resour	ce.				T
Feed o	connec	ctions i	n a cor	nmuni	ity.				E
Alway	ys in a	food c	hain.						S
lurals	or wo	ords w	•	words	. You	are g	iven t elow.		ord find. There are letter of each word.
С	0	m	m	u	n	i	t	У	and Illian of
0	h	f	е	е	d	r	n		
m	t	а	е	Z	0	S	а	а	
р	0	е	i	р	а	е	I	m	
е	W	С	h	n	S	r	р	i	
t	t	i	W	е	b	i	g	n	
е	С	r	u	0	S	е	r	а	W ow
р	I	а	V	i	V	r	u	S	
WORI	os							<u> </u>	
p				_	c				_ a
c				_	t				e
f				_	r				_ g
t s									_ w
c				_					
Arranç	ge the	7 lettei	rs left o	over to	form a	a word	from t	his activ	rity.
						TH	HE WC	ORD IS	

ACTIVITY: THE HYDROSPHERE

WORDS

Condensation: The process when water vapour cools and changes into liquid water.

Water cycle: Cycle of the Earth's water by

evaporation, condensation then precipitation.

Precipitation: Moisture that falls from clouds in the form of

rain, snow, sleet, or hail.

Hydrosphere: The part of the Earth that

contains water.

Hard water: Water that contains dissolved

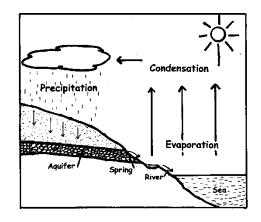
calcium and magnesium carbonate.

Soft water: Water with few or no dissolved

salts like calcium carbonate.

Dew: Condensation formed in the evening

when the Earth cools quickly.



The water cycle.

1. Complete the following table using the clues to help you.

No.	Clue	Word
1	Water that contains few dissolved salts is	o
2	Part of the Earth that contains water.	y r s p e r
3	Water vapour changing into rain.	ndsaio
4	Water falling from the clouds is	rc ittin
5	Hard water contains calcium	r o a e
6	Evaporate, condense, precipitate, is the water	y l

2. Complete the following acrostic puzzle.

1. A form of precipitation.

2. Changing from a liquid to a gas is ____ ation.

3. The ____sphere is the part that contains water.

4. Water with lots of dissolved salts is _____.

5. Condensation occurring in a cool evening.

6. Hard water contains _____ carbonate.

7. Water with few dissolved salts is .

8. Substance that can exist as snow or hail.

9. Most common form of precipitation.

	Н			
	Α			
	R			
	D			
	W			
	Α			
	T			
	Н			
	R			

MORE WORDS

Aquifer: Rock that is permeable to water and lets it flow through.

Permeable: Able to pass through.

Impermeable: Not able to pass through.

Ground water: Water found under the ground. Water table: Place below which the ground

is saturated with water.

Saturated: There is no more room for any more

water in the rock or soil.

Dehydrate: To dry out through excess water loss.

Salinity: Describes how salty the water is.



3. Complete the following table using the clues to help you.

No.	Clue	Word
1	Salinity describes how the water is.	a t
2	Not able to pass through.	mpreale
3	Rock that is permeable to water.	u i e
4	To dry out.	e y d t
5	When no more water can be held by the soil.	tra d
6	Able to pass through.	e m e l

4. Match up the dots in list A with those in list B, with a line, to complete a word. Write the completed word in the box on the right.

-1-3-	

LIST A LIST B Per • urated

er • urated

Sal • • und

Deh ● ifer

Aqu • meable

Gro • • ydrate

sat • • inity

WORD					







5. There are **16** words, from this activity, to find in the word find. There are no plurals or words within words and you are given the first letter of each word. Mark them off in the word find then list them below.

а	t	r	u	0	р	а	V	S	е	W
d	r	р	е	r	m	е	а	b		е
n		а	W	f	t		а	r	b	d
u	d	i	i	а	i	f	r	е	а	r
0	r	S	а	n	t	u	0	0	t	а
r	У	u	i	h	t	е	q	S	С	h
g	е	t	а	n	0	b	r	а	С	k
h	У	d	r	0	S	р	h	е	r	е



WORDS

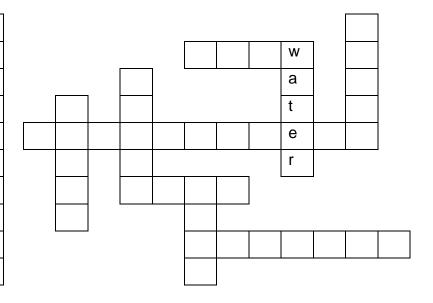
S	d	C
r	W	9
r	h	a
t	p	V
h	S	h

Arrange the 8 letters left over to form a word from this activity.

THE WORD IS	

6. The first column of the table contains a list of jumbled words (anagrams). They are to do with this activity; and you are given their first letter. Unravel them then put them into the crossword grid. The first one has been done for you.

Jumbled word	Word
rweta	water
bleat	t
leccy	С
dryshophere	h
drah	h
cork	r
swon	S
ucclaim	С
heart	е



ACTIVITY: ENERGY RESOURCES

WORDS

Non-renewable resource: A resource where there is a fixed amount

like fossil fuels.

Renewable resource: A resource where there is an endless supply.

like wind, tidal and light.

Energy resource: A source of useable power that can

be used by society when needed.

Turbine: A machine turned by moving

water, wind or steam.

Energy: It makes things happen.

Generator: A machine that makes electricity.

Solar: Uses light that comes from the sun

to make electricity.

1. Complete the following table using the clues to help you.

No.	Clue	Word
1	Fossil fuels are a resource.	onewal
2	This is turned by moving water or wind.	r b e
3	Uses the sun's energy.	oa
4	Used to make electricity.	s u c

MORE WORDS

Hydro: Water is used to turn the turbines to

generate electricity.

Nuclear: Radioactive substances break down

producing heat which used to form steam.

Geothermal: Heated steam from under the ground that

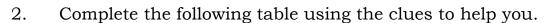
comes from areas like Taupo and Rotorua.

Fossil fuels: The remains of ancient buried plants

and animals that turned into coal and oil.

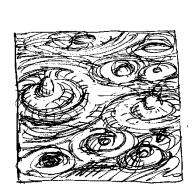
Biomass: Crops and waste gases that can be burned

to produce heat, then electricity.



No.	Clue	Word
1	Crops and waste gases producing electricity.	o_ a
2	Uses heated steam from under the ground.	e t h m l
3	Fuel formed from ancient plants and animals.	os i
4	Uses radioactive substances.	c e r





(Comple	ete th	e follo	owing	acro	stic p	uzzle.									
	A rene	wable	e energ	gy res				T								
	Resou	rce pro	ovidir				Н									
	Energy	y comi	ing fro	om rac	lioact				E							
	Genera	ates el	ectrici	ity by	spinn				R							
	Living	sourc	e of e	nergy			М									
power relies on the sun.															•	
An example of a fossil fuel.														•		
	Fossil		P													
	fu	el is a	non-re	enewa	ıble re	source	2.					0				
	Main s	source	of ma	aking (electri	city in	NZ.					0				
	Potent	ial ene	ergy iı	n radio	oactiv	e subs	tances	5.				L				
	g	ases ca	an be	used t	o pro	duce h	eat.		L			s			1	
	r	а	٧	У	I	а	е	i	t	t					DALL	>
	а О	o r c	d o c	a I f	e d o	d i s	n s	c u i	n i	e n g						>
	a 	o r c u	d o c s	a I f	d o e	d i s a	I n s m	c u i	n i I W	e n g a						•
	a I o s n	o r c u r	d 0 c s	a I f t s	d o e a	d i s a m	n s m	c u i a	n i I w b	e n g a m						>
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	a I O S n I	o r c u r a	d o c s s	a I f t s i	d o e a r	d i s a m t	n s m o	c u i a i e	n i I w b	e n g a m e	W)
	a I O S n I	o r c u r a	d o c s s	a I f t s	d o e a r	d i s a m t	n s m o c	c u i a i e	n i W b	e n g a m e						
	a I O S n I WORI g n n	o r c u r a	d 0 C S S	a I f t s	d o e a r	d i s a m t	n s m o c	c u i a i e	n i U b	e n g a m e	S				 	
	a	o r c u r a	d 0 c s s	a I f t s	d o e a r	d i s a m t	n s m o c	c u i a i e	n i W b	e n g a m e	. s _ s					
	a	o r c u r a	d 0 c s s	a I f t s	d o e a r	d i s a m t	n s m o c	c u i a i e	n i W b	e n g a m e	. s _ s					

ACTIVITY: ACIDS AND BASES

WORDS

Litmus: An indicator that tells us whether a solution is acidic or alkaline.

Acid: A substance that turns blue litmus a pink colour.

Base: A substance that reacts with an acid to

form a salt and water, neutralising it.

Alkali: A base that dissolves in water and turns

pink litmus paper a blue colour.

Organic acid: It contains carbon and hydrogen and is found in living things.

1. Complete the following table using the clues to help you.

No.	Clue	Word
1	An alkali is a soluble	a e
2	Acids turn litmus to this colour.	_ i
3	An acid found in living things.	r g n c
4	Indicator paper that shows if an acid or base	i t u
5	Turns pink litmus paper blue.	la i

MORE WORDS

Universal Indicator solution: A mixture of dyes that changes colour to show the pH of a solution.

pH: A measure of how acid or alkaline a solution is.

Neutral: A solution that is neither acid nor alkaline and

has a pH of 7

Alkali: It produces hydroxide ions (OH-) in water.

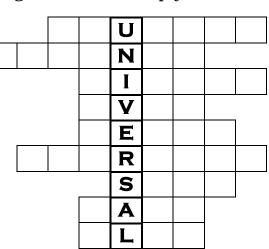
It has a pH above 7.

Acid: It produces hydrogen ions (H⁺) in water

and has a pH below 7.

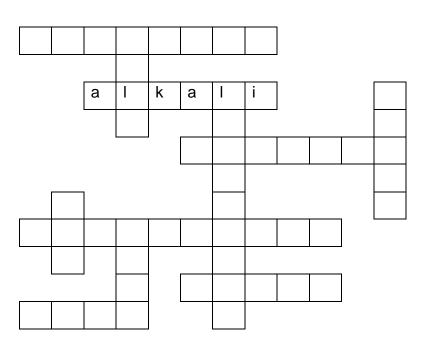


- 2. Complete the following acrostic puzzle using the clues to help you.
- 1. A solution with a pH of seven is ____.
- 2. Acids that contain C and H are ____.
- 3. Indicator that tests for acids or bases.
- 4. Bases have a pH _____ seven.
- 5. Acids have a pH ____ seven.
- 6. Acids produce ____ ions in solution.
- 7. Acids reacting with bases form a _____.
- 8. An alkali is a soluble ____.
- 9. Bases turn litmus paper a ___ colour.



3. The first column of the table contains a list of jumbled words (anagrams). They are to do with this exercise, and you are given their first letter. Unravel them then put them into the crossword grid. The first one has been done for you.

Jumbled word	Word
kaalli	alkali
nomaima	а
abes	b
basecarton	С
ags	g
last	S
vissoled	d
kahlc	С
stets	t
imeetrawl	I
lube	b



4. There are **12** words, from this activity, to find in the word find. There are no plurals or words within words. You are given the first letter of each word. Mark them off in the word find then list them below.

u	n	i	V	е	r	S	a	I	n
а	е	I	b	u	I	0	S	а	е
b	I	S	а	n	r	t	u	r	g
а	n	k	е	g	r	С	m	t	0
S	d	٧	а	0	0	t	t	u	r
е	е	n	n	I	n	0	i	е	d
S	i	g	r	i	i	i	I	n	У
С	е	d	i	X	0	r	d	У	h



WORDS					
	777	റ	D	n	C

u_____ a_____ n_____ s_____ s__

s _____ b____ h_____

s _____

Arrange the **10** letters left over to form a word from this activity.

THE WORD IS _____

ACTIVITY: PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER

Complete the crossword below using the clues provided. The words at the bottom of the page may be of help.

Δ	C	R	(S	S
$\boldsymbol{-}$	•		v	u	J

- Feeding connections make a ____ 4.
- 6. Features that allow survival.
- Place where different species live. 7.
- Living parts of the environment. 8.
- 10. To __ is when part of a plant gets eaten.
- 11. Producers are
- 14. Affects an organism's survival.
- 16. A carnivore is usually an
- 20. Way an organism gets its food.
- 21. Bacteria and fungi are
- 22. Get their nutrients from dead material.
- 23. Eats animals only.
- 24. Eats plants and animals.
- 25. Something that is living.

26. Feeds off living things.

DOWN

- 1. _ are decomposers.
- 2. Place where a species lives.
- A group of organisms of the same species.
- Chemical that speeds up food breakdown. 5.
- Process that plants make food by.
- 12. Feeding level.
- 13. Breaks down dead material.
- 15. Place where an organism lives and 'works'.
- 17. Organisms live 'happily' together in ...
- 18. Eats only animals.
- 19. They can't make their own food.

			1]	2								3		4	5		
					6													
									7									
		8						1										9
				J.				1			10							
	11							1 2		1 3							1	
			<u> </u>	<u>I</u>			J			1 4								
			1 5]														
	16																17	
									1						18			
	19																	
2 0						2 1												
				J									l					
	2 2											2 3						
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>				<u> </u>					l					
2 4								1										
								J										
2 5								Ī	2 6									
								J										

Omnivore Adaptations Saprophyte Community

Symbiosis Parasite Microbes

Photosynthesis Environment Decomposer Consumer Population

Animal Niche Fungi **Plants**

Graze Role Web

Habitat Parasite Trophic Enzyme **Biotic**

Organism Carnivore Herbivore

